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LEGAL PRACTITIONERS LAW

(2003 Revision)

LEGAL PRACTITIONERS (STUDENTS) REGULATIONS

(2005 Revision)

Revised under the authority of the Law Revision Law (1999 Revision).

The Legal Practitioners (Students) Regulations made the 27th August, 1991 consolidated with Law 4 of 1997 (part) enacted the 24th March, 1997, and with the-

Legal Practitioners (Students) (Amendment) Regulations, 1994 made the 15th February, 1994

Legal Practitioners (Students) (Amendment) Regulations, 1995 made the 3rd January, 1995

Legal Practitioners (Students) (Amendment) Regulations, 1996 made the 4th June, 1996

Legal Practitioners (Students) (Amendment) Regulations, 1998 made the 6th January, 1998

Legal Practitioners (Students) (Amendment) Regulations, 1991-Notice of Repeals made the 26th May, 1998

Legal Practitioners (Students) (Amendment) (Degree) Regulations, 1999 made the 27th July, 1999

Legal Practitioners (Students) (Amendment) (Degree) (No.2) Regulations, 1999 made the 14th December, 1999

Legal Practitioners (Students) (Amendment) (Variation of Fees) Regulations, 2001 made the 29th May, 2001

Legal Practitioners (Students) (Amendment) (Fees) Regulations, 2001 made the 12th June 2001

Legal Practitioners (Students) (Amendment) Regulations, 2003 made the 7th January, 2003

Legal Practitioners (Students) (Amendment) Regulations, 2003 (*sic*) made the 9th day of September, 2003

Legal Practitioners (Students) (Amendment) (No.2) Regulations, 2003 (*sic*) made the 9th day of December, 2003

Legal Practitioners (Students) (Amendment) Regulations, 2004 made the 8th June, 2004.

Consolidated and revised this 12th day of July, 2005.

Note (not forming part of the regulations): This revision replaces the 2004 Revision which should now be discarded.

LEGAL PRACTITIONERS (STUDENTS) REGULATIONS

(2005 Revision)

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LEGAL PRACTITIONERS (STUDENTS) REGULATIONS

(2005 Revision)

PART I - Introductory

1. These regulations may be cited as the Legal Practitioners (Students) Regulations (2005 Revision). Citation

2. In these regulations- Definitions

“articles” means articles of clerkship as specified in regulation 19(1)(a);

“Council” means the Legal Advisory Council established by section 18;

“Clerk” means the Clerk of the Court;

“Director” means the Director of Legal Studies;

“examination” includes assessed coursework;

“Form” means a form in the First Schedule;

“full-time Degree Examination” means the examination for the time being prescribed in regulations 7 and 8 for the purposes of Part III;

“full-time student” and “part-time student” respectively mean a student who is admitted to the Law School under regulation 5 -

(a) in the case of a full-time student, to pursue the course of study specified in regulation 7(a); and

(b) in the case of a part-time student, to pursue the course of study specified in regulation 7(b),

and, in either case, is eligible to present himself for the Qualifying Examination;

“Law School” means the Cayman Islands Law School;

“Part” means a Part of these regulations;

“part-time Degree Examination” means the examination for the time being prescribed in regulations 7 and 14 for the purposes of Part III; “Qualifying Examination” means the examination for the time being prescribed for the purposes of Part IV;

“Schedule” means a Schedule to these regulations; and

“University” means the University of Liverpool in the United Kingdom.

PART II - Legal Education

- The Law School 3. (1) The Law School shall be responsible for providing a system of legal education, which shall include examinations leading to the Law Degree and to the Attorney-at-Law Certificate and may include other programmes or examinations approved by the Council.
- (2) The system shall operate over three terms which shall be separated by vacations, and the Director shall determine the term, vacation and examination dates.
- Council to supervise the Law School 4. In discharging its functions, the Law School shall be under the general supervision of the Council and may, with the consent of the Council, delegate to the University or to any person approved by it, responsibility for the setting and assessing of examinations.
- Admission of students 5. (1) The Director may admit to the Law School any person who -
- (a) has attained the age of eighteen years or will attain that age in the year in which he seeks admission; and
 - (b) has achieved the requisite standard of general education,
- and preference in the granting of admission shall be given first to those persons who satisfy the above conditions and who possess Caymanian status within the meaning of the Immigration Law, 2003.
- Law 34 of 2003 (2) A person shall be deemed to have achieved the requisite standard of general education if he has attained the standard laid down by the Council in the Second Schedule.
- Fees 6. All students shall, upon demand by the Director, pay the fees laid down in the second column of the Fourth Schedule and such other fees as are approved by the Council.

PART III - The Law Degree

- Conferring of Law Degree 7. The Law Degree may be conferred upon any student who, to the satisfaction of the Director-
- (a) in the case of a full-time student, attends courses of study for a period of not less than three years; or
 - (b) in the case of a part-time student, attends courses of study for a period of not less than five years nor more than six years,
- and, in either case, pays the fees required by the regulations, and passes the relevant Degree Examinations.

8. The full-time Degree Examination shall be divided into the Intermediate and the Final Examination and the Final Examination shall be divided into two parts called Part I and Part II. Degree Examination

9. (1) Every full time student shall, in his first year, attend courses for the Intermediate Examination in- Intermediate Examination

- (a) Constitutional Law;
- (b) Criminal Law;
- (c) Legal Systems and Skills; and
- (d) Law of Contract.

(2) The Intermediate Examination shall be held in the third term and shall consist of one paper in each of the subjects specified in subregulation (1). Students shall be required to sit the Intermediate Examination held during the third term unless excused by the Council for good cause.

(3) Every full time student must pass the whole of the Intermediate Examination in accordance with the criteria specified in the University's Examinations Code of Practice before proceeding to the Final Examination.

(4) Subject to subregulation (5), a full-time student who fails one or more subjects shall be entitled to re-sit that or those subjects at the next examination sitting of the subject or subjects.

(5) Where a full-time student fails a subject more than once, the Council shall, upon the written application of the student, consult the University to determine whether that student may re-sit the examination.

(6) On consulting the University under subregulation (5), the Council shall submit to the University the Director's report of the student's record of attendance and performance in written or other work assigned in connection with the course of study to which the examination relates. The University shall thereafter advise the Council as to whether the student should re-sit one or more examinations or repeat the year of study.

(7) In any case where a student is permitted to re-sit an examination it shall be within the discretion of the University and the Council as to whether the student shall be required to attend classes related to that examination.

(8) Where a student is permitted to re-sit a paper the examination shall take place in the summer vacation.

(9) Where any subject of the Intermediate Examination consists of coursework as well as an examination, unless the Council has agreed otherwise in

any individual case, forty per cent of the grade shall be allocated to the coursework and sixty per cent to the examination.

Publication of passes

10. The names of students who pass the Intermediate Examination shall be published in order of merit.

Second year students
**See note on p.24*

*11. Full-time students in their second year shall attend courses for Part I of the Final Examination in Equity and Trusts, Law of Tort and any two other subjects selected from a list of optional courses approved from time to time by the Council.

Application of regulations 9 and 10

12. Regulations 9(2), (3), (4), (5), (8) and (9), and 10 shall apply, with the necessary changes, to Parts I and II of the Final Examination.

Third year students
**See note on p.24*

*13. Full-time students in their third year shall attend courses for Part II of the Final Examination in Land Law and any other three subjects (which shall not have previously been studied for Part I of the Final Examination) selected from a list of optional courses approved from time to time by the Council.

Examinations for part-time students

14. (1) A part-time student shall, in his first year, attend courses and sit examinations in the following subjects-

- (a) Law of Contract; and
- (b) Legal Systems and Skills.

(2) A part-time student shall, in his second year, attend courses and sit examinations in the following subjects-

- (a) Criminal Law; and
- (b) Constitutional and Administrative Law.

(3) A part-time student shall, in his third year, attend courses and sit examinations in the following subjects-

- (a) Law of Tort; and
- (b) Equity and Trusts.

**See note on p.24*

*14. After completion of the third year, a part-time student shall take a further six subjects in order to complete the degree, with a minimum of two and a maximum of three subjects taken each year and-

- (a) where the part-time degree is studied over five years, Land Law is a compulsory subject in the fourth year;
- (b) where the part-time degree is studied over six years, Land Law is a compulsory subject in the fifth year; and
- (c) other subjects to be taken in the fourth, fifth and sixth year of the part-time degree shall be selected from a list of optional courses approved from time to time by the Council.

(5) Regulations 9 and 10 shall apply in the same manner to every year of the part-time degree.

PART IV - The Diploma in Legal Studies

15. The Diploma in Legal Studies shall be conferred upon any student who- Conferring of Diploma
in Legal Studies
- (a) to the satisfaction of the Director, attends courses of study for a period of not less than three years or, in special circumstances, two years with the approval of the Council;
 - (b) pays the fees required by the regulations; and
 - (c) passes the relevant coursework and Diploma Examinations.
16. Every student in the diploma course, unless otherwise determined by the Council shall - Examinations for
Diploma
- (a) in his first year, attend courses and sit examinations in the Law of Contract and Legal System and Skills;
 - (b) in his second year, attend courses and sit examinations in Constitutional and Administrative Law and Criminal Law; and
 - (c) in his third year, attend courses and sit examinations in any two of the following subjects-
 - (i) Commercial Law;
 - (ii) Company Law;
 - (iii) Law of Evidence;
 - (iv) Equity and Trusts;
 - (v) Family Law;
 - (vi) Law of Tort; and
 - (vii) Land Law.
17. (1) Subject to subregulation (2), a diploma student who fails a subject shall be entitled to re-sit the examination in the subject he has failed at the next examination sitting of the subject. Resitting of Diploma
subjects
- (2) Where a diploma student fails a subject more than once, the Council shall, upon the written application of the student, determine whether that student may resit the relevant examination.
- (3) In making its determination under subregulation (2), the Council shall have regard to the Director's report of the student's record of attendance and performance in written or other work assigned in connection with the course of study to which the examination relates. The Council shall thereafter decide whether the student should re-sit one or more examinations or repeat the year of study.

(4) In any case where a student is permitted to resit an examination, it shall be within the discretion of the Council as to whether the student shall be required to attend classes related to that subject.

(5) Where a student is permitted to resit a paper, the examination shall take place in the summer vacation.

(6) The names of students who pass the relevant examinations shall be published in order of merit.

Transfer to Degree programme

18. Upon successful completion of any year of the Diploma in Legal Studies, a student may apply to the University for permission to transfer to the next relevant year of the part-time or full-time degree programme.

PART V - Qualification As An Attorney-at-Law

Admission as an Attorney-at-Law

19. (1) Under paragraph (c) of section 3(1), a person may apply to be admitted to practise as an Attorney-at-law in the Islands provided he furnishes evidence that-

- (a) he has been bound by articles of clerkship registered under regulation 22 to serve as an articled clerk to a practising Attorney-at-law in the Islands for the term required by the Third Schedule and has duly served articles for that term;
- (b) he has received the Attorney-at-law Certificate; and
- (c) he is a fit and proper person to be so admitted.

(2) An application under subregulation (1) shall be made to a Judge and shall be accompanied by a declaration in Form 1.

Division A

Articles of Clerkship

Articles of clerkship

20. A person shall not be eligible to register articles unless he has attained the age of eighteen years and-

Law 34 of 2003

- (a) possesses Caymanian status within the meaning of that expression in the Immigration Law, 2003; or
- (b) has attained the consent in writing of the Governor to his registration.

Registering articles of clerkship

**See note on p. 24*

21.* (1) A person may apply to register articles provided he furnishes evidence-

- (a) that he has passed the Qualifying Examination in accordance with Part IV or a professional qualification which, in the opinion of the Council, is equivalent to the Qualifying Examination;
- (b) that he is of a suitable character and fitness to be an articled clerk;
- (c) of the intended term of articles and, in the event of the term being less than eighteen months, there shall be furnished the written consent of the Council to registration of the articles for such other term; and
- (d) of the original executed articles with a certificate of the Attorney-General that the same are fair and reasonable.

(2) An application under subregulation (1) shall be made to the Clerk and shall be accompanied by a declaration in Form 2.

22. The Clerk shall, not later than one month after the production to him for registration of articles, and on being satisfied as to the correctness of the documents lodged therewith, and upon receipt of payment of the fee prescribed by the Fourth Schedule -

Clerk to register articles of clerkship

- (a) register the articles in a register maintained by him for that purpose;
- (b) endorse thereon a memorandum of the date on which the same were registered; and
- (c) return the articles and other documents to the articled clerk.

23. (1) Where articles have been produced for registration with the Clerk within a period of three months of their execution, the term of service thereunder shall commence upon the date of execution thereof or upon such later date as may be specified therein, but if the articles are not produced to the Clerk within such period, service thereunder shall, unless the Clerk may otherwise direct, be reckoned as commencing upon the date of the production of such articles to the Clerk, and a note to that effect shall be endorsed thereon by the Clerk.

Commencement of service under articles

(2) Service of an articled clerk under articles of which registration has been refused shall not be deemed to be good service.

(3) The register maintained by the Clerk under regulation 18 shall be open to the inspection of any person without payment during hours when the Court Registry is open to the public.

24. (1) Subject to subregulation (2), every articled clerk shall, during the whole term of his articles, be actually employed in the proper business, practice and employment of an attorney-at-law by the attorney-at-law to whom he is articled.

Employment under articles

(2) For the purposes of this regulation, the following periods shall be reckoned as if they were periods of employment with the attorney-at-law to whom the person is articulated and shall be good service under the articles-

- (a) with the permission of that attorney-at-law, six months in the employment in the proper business, practice, and employment of another attorney-at-law who complies with section 15(1) to (4); and
- (b) such period as the Council may, in its discretion, permit to be so reckoned.

(3) Unless the Council otherwise directs, service by an articulated clerk with an attorney-at-law who has taken or retained him in contravention of section 15 may not be reckoned by an articulated clerk as good service under articles.

Limitation of
employment of articulated
clerk

25. (1) Subject to these regulations, no articulated clerk shall, during the term of his articles, hold any office or engage in any employment other than the employment of an attorney-at-law with whom he has entered into articles or of a partner of that attorney-at-law in the proper business, practice, and employment of an attorney-at-law, and no period during which he has held any such other office or engaged in any such other employment may, unless the Council otherwise directs, be reckoned as good service under articles.

(2) Subregulation (1) does not apply to any articulated clerk who, before he entered upon or engaged in any office or employment, obtained the written consent of the attorney-at-law with whom he has entered into articles and of the Council.

(3) Any direction given by the Council under subregulation (1) or any consent given by the Council under subregulation (2) may be given subject to such terms and conditions as the Council may think fit.

(4) Every application for the direction or consent of the Council under this regulation shall be in accordance with Form 3 and shall be accompanied by the written consent of the attorney-at-law under subregulation (2).

Further articles

26. (1) Where, before the expiration of the term for which an articulated clerk is articulated, the attorney-at-law to whom he is articulated ceases to practise as an attorney-at-law or dies or the articles are cancelled by mutual consent or are discharged by the Attorney-General other than under paragraph (b) of section 16, the articulated clerk may, subject to subregulation (2), enter into further articles with another practising attorney-at-law for the residue of the term of his original articles, and service under the further articles in accordance with these regulations shall be good service under articles.

(2) If the articulated clerk does not enter into further articles within two years of the happening of the event mentioned in this regulation or regulation 27, he may enter into new articles for such term, not exceeding the term of his original articles, as the Council may think fit, and service under the new articles in accordance with these regulations shall be good service under articles.

27. Where, on the expiration of the term for which an articulated clerk is articulated, he cannot satisfy the Council that he has duly served under articles for the whole of the term of the articles, he may enter into further articles with the same or another practising attorney-at-law for such period as will enable him to complete the requisite term of service under articles.

Inability to satisfy the Council of service under articles

28. (1) Where an articulated clerk has not served under articles in accordance with these regulations but has, after the execution of the articles, bona fide served, either continuously or not, one or more attorney-at-law as an articulated clerk for periods equal in aggregate to the full term for which he was originally articulated, the Council may, if it is satisfied that the irregularity of the service was occasioned by accident, mistake or other sufficient cause and that the service, though irregular, was substantially equivalent to service in accordance with these regulations, allow the articulated clerk to reckon the service as if it had been good service.

Service for periods aggregating full term for which articulated

(2) Every application for service to be reckoned as good service in accordance with subregulation (1) shall be in accordance with Form 4.

Division B

Attorney-at-Law Certificate

29. The Attorney-at-law Certificate may be conferred upon any student who, to the satisfaction of the Director, attends courses of study approved by the Council, pays the fees required by regulation 6, passes the Qualifying Examination and has completed the term of service under the articles prescribed by these Regulations.

Conferring of attorney-at-law Certificate

30. The attorney-at-law course (inclusive of the Qualifying Examination) is to extend over a period not exceeding nine consecutive months.

Duration of attorney-at-law course

31. A person shall not be eligible to present himself for the Qualifying Examination (or to attend any course leading to the Qualifying Examination) unless-

Eligibility for Qualifying Examination

- (a) he possesses Caymanian status within the meaning of the Immigration Law, 2003 (or, if he does not possess that status he has obtained the written consent of the Governor in Cabinet); and

Law 34 of 2003

- (b) he has obtained the Law Degree in accordance with these regulations or a qualification which, in the opinion of the Council, is equivalent to the Law Degree.

Qualifying Examination

32. (1) The Qualifying Examination shall consist of one paper each in-

- (a) Criminal Procedure and Evidence;
- (b) Civil Procedure and Evidence;
- (c) Conveyancing;
- (d) Probate;
- (e) Legal Accounting;
- (f) Cayman Statute Law Part I-Private Client;
- (g) Cayman Statute Law Part II-Business Client; and
- (h) such other subjects as the Council may approve.

(2) Every student shall pass the whole of the Qualifying Examination.

(3) A student who fails only one subject may, with the consent of the Council, be referred in that subject.

(4) A student who fails more than one subject shall fail the entire examination and may, with the consent of the Council, take the entire examination again.

(5) A student who fails the examination under subregulation (3) or (4) shall fail the entire Qualifying Examination and may, with the consent of Council, be permitted to repeat the course of study with or without requirement of attendance.

(6) In deciding whether to grant consent under this regulation, the Council shall consider a report of the Director on the student's record of attendance and performance in written or other work assigned in connection with any course of study.

PART VI - General

Powers of the Council

33. (1) The Council shall, in addition to the other powers granted by these regulations, have power -

- (a) to exclude from any examination any student who has not attended to the satisfaction of the Director any course of study provided for in these regulations or who has not properly completed to the satisfaction of the Director the written or other work in connection with any such course of study;
- (b) to review the progress of students on any of the courses run by the Law School and to make a declaration, where appropriate,

that the performance of a student is unsatisfactory and that he should be required to withdraw from that course; and

- (c) to discipline a student (including the power to direct that he leave the Law School) for any conduct which, in the opinion of the Council, is detrimental to the Law School or its students.

(2) Where the Council has made any determination under subregulation (1), the student affected shall have a right of appeal, within twenty-eight days of such determination, to the Governor, and the decision of the Governor shall be final and not subject to any further appeal.

(3) Where such a determination is made under subregulation (2), the Council, at that time, shall inform the student of his right to appeal to the Governor.

34. (1) The Council shall establish and maintain a procedure dealing with student complaints relating to-

Complaints by students against certain matters

- (a) the content or conduct of courses; or
- (b) the facilities or services provided by the Law School,

and the Council shall prepare and publish in such manner as it considers fit a document setting out details of the procedure and such document shall be made available to the students free of charge.

(2) Complaints shall be determined by such persons, including the Attorney-General and the Chief Justice, as specified in the document.

35. (1) If any complaint is made to the Council as to the conduct of any articulated clerk or of any person who has applied to register articles, the Council may refer such complaint to the Attorney-General who may inquire into it and report thereon to the Council.

Complaint as to conduct of articulated clerk

- (2) After considering the report of the Attorney-General, the Council may-
 - (a) direct the Clerk to refuse to register the articles of such person, and the Clerk shall act accordingly; or
 - (b) recommend to the Attorney-General that he discharge the articles of the articulated clerk in accordance with section 16, or refuse to grant him the attorney-at-law certificate.

36. The fees set out in the second column of the Fourth Schedule shall be paid into the general revenues of the Islands for the various matters or things respectively specified in the first column of that Schedule.

Fees to be paid into general revenue

Waiver of fees-Cayman Brac, Little Cayman	37. The Governor may, from time to time, waive or reduce any or all of the fees in the Fourth Schedule in relation to any person or group of persons in Cayman Brac or Little Cayman.
Appeals	38. (1) If any person is aggrieved by any decision of the Clerk given in the course of exercising any of the powers conferred or duties imposed upon him by these regulations that person may appeal to the Council which may uphold, reverse or vary the decision appealed against. (2) A decision of the Council under this regulation shall be final and not subject to any appeal to, or review by, any other authority.
Power of Council to exempt from examination	39. The Council has power, in appropriate circumstances, to exempt a person from the whole or a portion of the Intermediate or Final Examination or the Qualifying Examination on the grounds that he has previous educational or other qualifications which are equivalent to the examinations exempted.
Council may waive or vary certain regulations	40. In exceptional circumstances and for cause shown, regulations 5(2) to 13, 29, 31 and 32(2) to (6) may be waived or varied in favour of a student if the Council so determines and upon such conditions as the Council may stipulate.
Conditions for exempting, waiving or varying regulations 39 and 40	41. In order to decide whether to grant any application under regulation 39 or 40 or otherwise to exercise any power or discretion conferred by these regulations the Council may - (a) require the facts on which an application is based to be embodied in a statutory declaration made by the applicant; (b) require independent evidence in support of the facts on which the application is based and if the Council thinks fit that such evidence be embodied in a statutory declaration made by the person supplying it; (c) require an applicant to attend for interview; (d) require an applicant to attend for oral examination; (e) take account of the results obtained by the applicant in the examination to which the application relates or any earlier examination; (f) take account of reports and assessments supplied by the Director; and (g) take such other steps as may be desirable.

FIRST SCHEDULE

FORMS

Form 1

LEGAL PRACTITIONERS (STUDENTS) REGULATIONS

(2005 Revision)

Application to be Admitted as an Attorney-at-law

(section 3(1)(c) and regulation 19(2))

We-----of-----and-----
-----of----- do solemnly and sincerely declare as follows-

A. And I the said-----for myself do say that -

(1) I am one and the same person named as clerk in the Articles of Clerkship bearing the date the----- day of -----, 20----- now produced and shown to me marked with the letter "A".

(2) The said Articles of Clerkship were registered pursuant to regulation 16 on the----- day of-----,-20-----.

(3) Since the date of execution of the articles I have been actually employed in the proper business practice and employment of----- and have not held any other office or engaged in any other employment during that period.

(4) I have never been convicted of a criminal offence (*or, if convicted provide details of date of conviction, nature of offence and sentence*).

(5) I was awarded the Attorney-at-law Certificate on the----- day of-----, 20-----, and a true copy of the same is now produced and shown to me marked with the letter "B".

B. And I the said -----for myself do say -

(1) I am a practising attorney-at-law qualified under section 15 of the Legal Practitioners Law (2003 Revision) to take a person into my service as an

Articled Clerk, and am the same person named as principal in the Articles of Clerkship now produced and shown to me marked with the letter "A".

(2) The said----- has been bound by articles to me since the----- day of -----, 20-----, and has since that date been actually employed in my proper business practice and employment as an Articled Clerk.

(3) The period of articles which has been served satisfies the requirement of regulation 17.

(4) The said----- is a fit and proper person to be admitted as an attorney-at-law.

And we make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true and by virtue of the Voluntary Declarations Law (1998 Revision).

Signed -----

Taken and acknowledged this----- day of-----, 20-----, before me:

Justice of the Peace/Notary Public*

**Delete as appropriate.*

Form 2

LEGAL PRACTITIONERS (STUDENTS) REGULATIONS

(2005 Revision)

Application to Register Articles

(regulation 21)

TO: The Clerk of the Grand Court

I,-----, of----- do solemnly and sincerely declare as follows:

(1) I possess Caymanian status by reason of the following facts- *

(or I hold the consent in writing of the Governor to my registration and attach the same).*

(2) I was born on the----- day of-----, 20-----, and the document attached hereto marked with the letter “C” is a certified copy of my birth certificate.

(3) I was successful in passing the whole of the Qualifying Examination as provided for in these regulations on the----- day of-----, 20-----, and the document attached hereto marked with the letter “D” is a true certification (or copy) of the same (or I have a professional qualification which has been accepted by the Council as equivalent to the Qualifying Examination.

(4) As evidence of my suitability of character and fitness, I attach hereto letters of reference marked respectively “E” and “F” from persons who have know me for at least two years and who vouch for my character and fitness.

(5) I have never been convicted of a criminal offence (or, if convicted, provide details of date of conviction nature of offence and sentence).

(6) I desire to enter into articles for eighteen months (or, if less than eighteen months, state intended term and furnish written consent of the Council to such other term).

(7) I have entered into Articles of Clerkship with----- on the -----day of -----, 20-----, now produced and shown to me and marked with the letter “G”.

And we make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true and by virtue of the Voluntary Declarations Law (1998 Revision).

Signed-----

Taken and acknowledged this -----day of -----, 20-----, before me:

Justice of the Peace/Notary Public*

*Delete as appropriate.

Form 3

LEGAL PRACTITIONERS (STUDENTS) REGULATIONS

(2005 Revision)

Application to Hold Office Under Articles

(regulation 26)

TO: The Legal Advisory Council

I, ----- of-----hereby
apply-

for a direction of the Legal Advisory Council that my service under articles may be reckoned as good service, notwithstanding that, during the period in respect of which this application is made, I was engaged in an office or employment other than the employment of the Attorney-at-law to whom I am articulated

or

for the consent of the Legal Advisory Council to my engaging in an office or employment other than employment of the Attorney-at-law to whom I am articulated.

(Note: strike out the inapplicable statement)

I was articulated on the -----day of -----, 20----- to-----
-----for a term of -----years. I seek the
direction/consent from the Legal Advisory Council in respect of my engagement
in the office or employment of -----by --
-----in respect of the following period(s)-----
-----.

My salary in respect of such office or employment is/was/will be \$-----per
annum.

The work involved is/was/will be of the following nature-----
-----, the average time spent by me thereon in each week
being-----hours.

*(Here state in numbered paragraphs any further information which may be of use
to the Council in considering the application)*

And I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true and by virtue of the Voluntary Declarations Law (1998 Revision).

Signed-----

Taken and acknowledged this -----day of -----, 20----- before me:

Justice of the Peace/Notary Public*

**Delete as appropriate.*

Form 4

LEGAL PRACTITIONERS (STUDENTS) REGULATIONS

(2005 Revision)

General Form of Application

(regulation 28)

TO:

I,----- of----- hereby apply to the Advisory Council under regulation 28 of the Legal Practitioners (Students) Regulations (2005 Revision) for-----
(state briefly the nature of the application).

And I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true and by virtue of the Voluntary Declarations Law (1998 Revision).

Signed-----

Taken and acknowledged this -----day of -----, 20----- before me:

*Justice of the Peace /Notary Public**

**Delete as appropriate.*

SECOND SCHEDULE

STANDARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED

(regulation 5)

1. A person who is less than twenty one years of age on 31st May of the year in which he seeks admission shall be qualified to be admitted if he has attained passes in at least five approved subjects, three of which are at Grade C or above at ordinary level and two of which are at advanced level:

Provided -

- (a) a pass in a particular subject at both Advanced and Ordinary levels shall be treated as one pass at Advanced level only;
 - (b) a person shall not qualify unless he has passes in-
 - (i) English, English Language or English Literature at Ordinary level, Grade C or above; and
 - (ii) one of Mathematics, Economics, Geography, or a Natural Science at Ordinary Level, Grade C or above.
2. A person who is not less than twenty-one years of age on 1st June of the year in which he seeks admission shall be qualified to be admitted if he attains the passes prescribed in paragraph 1 or passes the University of Liverpool's Mature Students Entrance Examination.
3. A person shall also be qualified to be admitted if he possesses either-
- (a) an associate degree in which he has maintained a GPA which, in the opinion of the Council is equivalent to the educational standard prescribed by paragraph 1; or
 - (b) SAT scores which, in the opinion of the Council, are equivalent to the educational standard prescribed by paragraph 1.
4. A person shall also be qualified to be admitted if he has attained an educational standard whether, evidenced by performance at examinations or otherwise, which is certified by the Chief Education Officer to be equivalent to that prescribed by paragraph 1 or 2.

THIRD SCHEDULE

TERM OF SERVICE OF ARTICLED CLERKS

(regulation 19(1))

1. The term of Articles shall be eighteen months.

2. The Council may, on application by the principal or the articulated clerk, abridge the term of articles in any particular case.

FOURTH SCHEDULE

FEES

(regulation 36)

Application fee (all students)	\$75
Tuition fee for the Full Time Degree Course (per academic year)	
Caymanians, spouses of Caymanians and legal residents of ten years or over	\$4,500
Others	\$10,500
Tuition fee for the Part-time Degree Course (per academic year)	
All students	\$1,125 per subject
Tuition fee for the Diploma in Legal Studies Course (per academic year)	
Caymanians and legal residents of ten years or over	\$1,125 per subject
Others	\$2,250 per subject
Tuition fee for individual subjects (per academic year)	
Caymanians, spouses of Caymanians and legal residents of ten years or over	\$1,125 per subject
Others	\$2,625 per subject
Tuition fee for Professional Practice Course (per academic year)	
All students	\$9,000
Examination fee	\$25 per subject
Registration of articles	\$130
On receipt by the Council of any notice under the regulations where no fee is specifically provided	\$20
On the issue by the Council of any certificate, consent or direction required under these regulations where no fee is specifically provided	\$20

Publication in consolidated and revised form authorised by the Governor in Cabinet this 12th day of July, 2005.

Carmena Watler
Clerk of Cabinet

Note (not forming part of the regulations):

By regulation 5 of the Legal Practitioners (Students) (Amendment) (Degree) (No. 2) Regulations, 1999 it was provided that-

- (a) any course of study approved by the Council which has been attended by any student and which began before the 17th January, 2000; and*
- (b) any other thing which has been done before the 17th January, 2000 that would have been lawful and effective if those amending regulations had been in force at the time when it was done,*

is validated and declared to have been lawfully done and effective in relation to conferring upon the relevant student a law degree or other qualification.